Oldham and District Branch of the Manchester and Lancashire Family History Society

Contact us at oldham@mlfhs.org.uk

Newsletter October 2015



Branch News

Our Last Meeting

Saturday 5th September

David Muil

Crooks & Coffins Ships - The Southern Ocean - The Perils of 19th Century Emigration.

David's talk about emigration to Australia during the 19th century, supported by an excellent power point, was extremely informative and interesting.

Emigration increased to
Australia during the 1850's
with the discovery of gold by
Edward Hargreaves. Adverts
for skilled and unskilled
workers soon appeared in
newspapers enticing settlers.
As this was the time of high
unemployment in Lancashire
due to the cotton famine,
many left this area looking
for a new life with the



prospect of work and free grants of land. A further incentive was the chance of working in cotton with the introduction of cotton seed into Queensland at that time.

The journey was long and hard on the clipper ships with deaths, disease, cramped conditions, and disregard for the well-being of the passengers. However many settled happily including a group from Oldham who settled in the area of Moreton Bay in Queensland.

David has done extensive research into this subject and the talk is highly recommended if you missed it this time.

Online Resources

ancestry.co.uk findmypast.co.uk and familysearch.com have passenger lists and also-

http://rootsweb.ancestry.com/~nzlscant/lancashire_witch.htm

http://www.archives.gld.gov.au/

http://www.naa.gov.au/

http://www.coraweb.com.au/shipindex.htm

Our Next Meeting Saturday 10th October Ian Gibson

The Lancashire Textile Industry and How It Can Be Seen in 2015

Ian Gibson retired in in November 2010 as Head of Lancashire County Museum Service which has three textile mill sites which are "Designated" as being of both national and international importance. In his talk he hopes to give a flavour of the once vast scale of the Lancashire textile industry and how a little of it is being preserved for future generations to wonder at.

At The Education Suite, Gallery Oldham, Greaves Street, Oldham beginning at 2pm. No charge for members, £2.50 non-members.

Events at Oldham Local Studies and Archives

2nd October

Before Civil Registration: 16th October

Maps for Family Historians

Using Parish Registers

9th October

Wills and Probate Records All talks are 10.30am-12noon

All talks are **free** and given by members of the MLFHS. **Booking essential** Telephone 0161 770 4654 or e-mail archives@oldham.gov.uk

Help with Family History Research

Oldham Local Studies

Family history experts are available every Monday and Wednesday from 2.00 pm to 4.00 pm to help with any family history enquiries you may have.

There is also free access to Ancestry.co.uk and findmypast.

Society News Beginners' Talks 19th and 20th Sources

Saturday 10th October

Room F12 of the Friends Meeting House, Mount Street.

The talk starts at 10.30 and lasts for about 2 hours.

The talks are free to Society members but non-members are most welcome to attend for a fee of £3.00 (refundable for anyone who joins the Society on the day).

Booking is essential. An online booking facility is available on the MLFHS web site (**Click on the 'Eventbrite' link**) or alternatively telephone us on 0161-234 1060 or email office@mlfhs.org.uk

The Manchester Quarterly Meeting Wednesday 21st October

Programme

10.30 am A Lancashire Garland – The History of Lancashire and its Dialect in Songs, Stories & Poems.

Speaker: Sid Calderbank

12.00 Lunch

1.00 pm A History of Manchester Newspapers – First Edition to City Final.

Speaker: Peter Levy

To be held in the **Friends' Meeting House, Mount Street.**

Registration is essential to register, click the Eventbrite logo on the MLFHS web site

The meeting is FREE to paid up MLFHS members, but there is a charge of £3 (payable at the time of booking) for non-members. If, however, you decide to join MLFHS on the day this fee will be refunded.

The 1939 Registers

Tuesday 1st December

THIS IS A MLFHS MEMBER ONLY EVENT

The Society will be welcoming Myko Clelland of Findmypast to Central Library on Tuesday 1st December. Myko will be delivering a presentation about Findmypast's forthcoming launch of the 1939 Registration Records.

While we find the census invaluable for our research up to 1911, a problem looms because the returns for 1931 were destroyed in a fire and in 1941 there was no census owing to the war. Consequently this vital source will be denied to researchers between 1921 and 1951.

Fortunately, the war prompted government to set up a registration system and, even more fortunately, today's government has agreed to publication (with

some small reductions) of the original registration records. Findmypast are digitising these records and indexed images will appear on their web site later this year.

Myko will be giving two presentations at Central Library on Tuesday 1st December. One will begin at 11am and the other at 1.30pm. Each will take about one hour.

Demand for places at these sessions is expected to be high and booking will therefore be ESSENTIAL.

Book on Eventbrite via the MLFHS website.

Findmypast.ie

The Irish version of Findmypast can be searched for free at the Help Desk in Manchester central library. There is one subscription to the site so priority will be given to members and will be limited to about half an hour.

The Society Help Desk, which is located on the ground floor, is open every week day from 10.30am to 3.30pm

Free access also to Ancestry.co.uk, findmypast, Manchester online burials and British Newspaper archives.

Local News

Who Do You Think You Are?

Oldham recently featured in the Jerry Hall episode.

Jerry's great-grandfather, James Hall, is to be found on the 1881 census living in Waverley Street, Derker, with his wife Martha Ann (nee Standeven who he had married in 1877 at St James' Church), and daughter Clara. Living in the houses on the same street were the family of his married sister Margaret Ellen Clegg and his widowed mother Mary Ann Hall.



Soon afterwards he left England for a job on the railroad in Texas tempted by the promise of land and a job with good money. He also had the necessary experience of working with machinery in a supervisory role from his job as a cardroom jobber.

His wife and young family followed him a little while later but sadly Martha Ann died in 1883. His son James also died and his daughter was adopted by a friend.

Happily for Jerry James met Jerry's grandmother, bought farmland and started a new life.

Oldham National Schools Admission Registers and Log Books on Findmypast

A number of admission registers and log books from Oldham schools have been added to the National School Admission Registers and Log Books 1870-1914 on findmypast:

Christ Church School	St Luke's Church of England School	
Clarksfield School	St Paul's Church of England School	
High Crompton National School	Royton	
Roundthorn County Primary School Scottfield County Primary School	Waterhead Church School	
	Waterloo Board School	
	Wellington Street Council School	

These records are also at Oldham Local Studies and Archives but are easier to search online.

Findmypast is free to search at Oldham Local Studies and at libraries across the borough. It is also free to search at Manchester Central Library.

Peterloo Ancestors

Thank you to Ray Hulley who has very kindly sent us this information about his ancestors Nancy Prestwich nee Hulley born in 1757 and her son John Hully 1779 -1838, both from Mossley. Both of them were called as witnesses at the trial of Henry Hunt held at York Assizes from Thursday 16th March 1820 to Monday 27th March 1820.

The Peterloo Massacre (or Battle of Peterloo) occurred at St Peter's Field, Manchester, England, on 16th August 1819, when cavalry charged into a crowd of 60,000–80,000 that had gathered to demand the reform of parliamentary representation.

The end of the Napoleonic Wars in 1815 had resulted in periods of famine and chronic unemployment, exacerbated by

ST. PETER'S FIELDS
THE PETERLOO MASSACRE
On 16th August, 1819 a peaceful rally
of 60,000 pro-democracy reformers,
men, women and children,
was attacked by armed cavalry
resulting in 15 deaths and
over 600 injuries.

the introduction of the first of the Corn Laws. By the beginning of 1819 the pressure generated by poor economic conditions, coupled with the lack of suffrage in northern England, had enhanced the appeal of political radicalism. In response, the Manchester Patriotic Union, a group agitating for parliamentary reform, organised a demonstration to be addressed by the well-

known radical orator Henry Hunt.

Shortly after the meeting began, local magistrates called on the military authorities to arrest Hunt and several others on the hustings with him, and to disperse the crowd. Cavalry charged into the crowd with sabres drawn and, in the ensuing confusion, 15 people were killed and 400–700 were injured. The massacre was given the name Peterloo in ironic comparison to the Battle of Waterloo, which had taken place four years earlier.

John Hully (baptised at St George's chapel Mossley on 25th February 1779) was the illegitimate son of Nancy

Hulley (born 1757 at Mossley who married Josuah Prestwich at St Michael's church Ashton under Lyne on 17th October 1781)



24th March 1820 - The Times

http://archive.org/details/trialofhenryhunt00huntiala (pages 225-227)

Evidence of John Hully – taken on the 7th day of the trial i.e. Thursday 23rd March 1820.

John Hully deposed:

I am a clothier, residing at Moseley. I had business at Manchester, and went to it on the 18^{th} August. I went with my mother and my wife. My mother is Nancy Prestwick; she is in the 65^{th} year of her age. I saw no shops shut up in Manchester on the 16^{th} . The people were following their usual avocations. I saw the procession that came from Oldham, Royton, Leeds and Moseley. The people appeared to be passing in a quiet and orderly manner. I saw no persons in the procession offer any insult to any of the respectable inhabitants. I went about to my customers to know if they wanted anything.

I 1eft my goods at a private house; not because I was afraid, but because I wishes to see the procession. I found my customers on whom I called at their usual occupations. I did not see one shop shut up. None of my customers expressed to me any fears about the meeting. My wife was with me. My mother had business of her own, and we agreed to meet after the meeting was over. I took my wife with me. I did not see my mother there. I did not see any acts of violence committed, or any insult offered by the people.

Did you see any acts of violence committed at the meeting?

Yes.

By the people?

No.

Mr. Hunt Will your Lordship allow me to ask by whom?

The learned **Judge** replied No; that question is not now to be tried. It is the

character of the meeting, and not of the parties, that we are trying.

Examined by the Court:

I saw the cavalry enter. I was about I5 yards from the hustings, and about 80 from Buxton's house. I could see the whole of the way between Buxton's house and the hustings and saw no act of resistance done by the crowd, nor any insult offered by them, to the cavalry. I did not hear the cavalry state their object in proceeding to the hustings. I could have heard any communication made from them if the people on the hustings could have heard it, for I was nearer to the cavalry than the people on the hustings. I did not know that the cavalry were going to the hustings to enable a constable to serve a warrant if any communication had made to the hustings that this was their object, I should have heard it sooner than any person on the hustings.

Evidence of Nancy Prestwick (sic) taken on the 7th day of the trial i.e. Thursday 23rd March 1820

Nancy Prestwick, the mother of the last witness, an old woman, with rather an infirm appearance, deposed:

I live at Moseley about 10 miles from Manchester. I went to Manchester on the 16th of August. I am 64 years of age. I walked to Manchester that day all the way. I did nor walk in procession; I went with my son and my son's wife. I saw a dozen of our townswomen at Manchester. I saw other women there in great numbers. After taking some refreshments, I took a walk out to Mr. Johnson's. They formed me in a line with two or three hundred women, because I was the oldest. I knew St. Peter's-field, and went the nearest way to it, as I thought. I was there before Mr. Hunt came on the ground; and after waiting to see him went to get a gill of beer; and when I returned the cavalry were coming on the ground. I then stopped, and did not go further. I saw the cavalry.

Is your eye-sight good?

Yes, good at my age.

Hunt here asked witness did you and the 300 women attempt to take the cavalry prisoners?

No, Sir, exclaimed the witness, with great emphasis. I joined in the cheers when Mr. Hunt arrived.

Did you join in the cheers when the cavalry came on the ground?

No, I did not. I did not know what that cheering was for.

Did you hoot and hiss at them?

No, Sir.

Were you alarmed at the number and behaviour of the people assembled?

Mr. Scarlett here intervened, and speaking in a low tone of voice, which we at

first did not distinctly hear, objected to the question being put to the witnesses for the defence, as to their own fears or apprehension of danger. He would admit that Mr. Hunt did not mean at this particular time to offer resistance; and that the word "enemies" he used, was not applied to the military.

Mr. Justice Bayley said, this was a liberal admission.

Mr. Scarlett said, he did not mean to ascribe to persons any design, at that time, to make a tumult.

Then, said **Mr. Justice Bayley**, you have not expressed what you mean in the indictment.

Mr. Scarlett thought the question was, was terror excited? and if twelve persons said they were alarmed, it would not be disproved though 100 should say they were not alarmed.

Mr. Justice Bayley said that the question which would come to the Jury would probably be twofold; was there fear, and was there rational ground for fear?

Mr. Scarlett I admit that Mr. Hunt did not design to produce disturbance, but I do not admit that he did not mean to intimidate.

Mr. Justice Bayley I think the design to intimidate is not in your case.

The witness was then cross-examined by Mr. Sergeant Cross.

I was not at Smedley cottage. I do not know who formed the line. There was no man; they were all women. I had nothing to do with the flags.

Hunt You were at the head of the female party?

Yes.

You did nor wear a sword, or carry a musket, did you?

No, Sir. (A laugh.)

Exhibitions

Exhibitions about the Oldham Pals and Oldham's Victoria Cross recipients are touring local libraries.

Date	Library	Exhibition
26th September - 16th	Failsworth	Victoria Cross
October	Royton	Oldham Pals
16th October - 6th	Uppermill	Victoria Cross
November	Oldham	Oldham Pals
6th November –	Oldham	Victoria Cross

27th November	Uppermill	Oldham Pals
27th November - 11th December	Royton	Victoria Cross
	Failsworth	Oldham Pals
11th December - 8th January	Crompton	Victoria Cross
	Chadderton	Oldham Pals

Talks by Other Groups (which are not part of our society)

Chadderton Historical Society

Thursday 1st October

History of Thornham

Talk by Leon Mcleod

Chadderton Football Club at 7.30pm

Royton Local History Society

Monday12th October

Fire in the Summit Tunnel

Illustrated talk by Donald Reid Downey House, Church Street, Royton at 7.30pm

Saddleworth Historical Society Wednesday 14th October AGM and Saddleworth Surnames DNA Project: An Update Neil Barrow

7.30pm at the Civic Hall

Oldham Historical Research Group

Wednesday 21st October

The Development of the King's Highway through the village of Oldham in the early 18th Century

A talk given by Jack Dawson 7.00pm at Oldham Local Studies and Archives

Research News

Findmypast

- Has made more than 330,000 Manchester electoral records available for browsing. The new collection, created from microfilm copies held by Archives+ at Manchester Central Library, includes registers of local government and parliamentary elections, Citizens' Rolls and Burgess Rolls. The electoral wards featured include Harpurhey, Hulme, Newton and Salford.
- One million records of troops taken prisoner during the Second World War have been published. The collection provides the name, rank and

location of each of prisoner.

 Thousands of Hertfordshire parish records have been digitised and made available on the web. Around 5,000 baptism and burial records have been added.

Deceased online

Has digitised and uploaded pages of the burial registers for four cemeteries owned by Wyre Council, including Fleetwood Cemetery – the final resting place for nearly 27,000 people.

Scottish Indexes

http://www.scottishindexes.com/

A new website has indexes to help you trace your family tree in Scotland. While currently many of the records are from the south of Scotland, their Quaker records and mental health records cover all of Scotland.

Update from Lancashire Online Parish Clerk

http://www.lan-opc.org.uk/

Recently added from our area:

- Burials 1813 to 1829 from the Church of St Margaret, Hollinwood
- Marriages 1857 to 1866 and 1877 to 1881 and Burials 1890 to 1901 from the Church of St Matthew, Chadderton
- Baptisms 1813 to 1826 from the Church of St Margaret of Antioch, Hollinwood

If you have any local news, tips or photographs please email us so we can include it in our newsletter.

That's all for this month. We hope you have enjoyed reading our newsletter. Thank you to those of you who have been in contact with us. We value your comments and contributions.

oldham@mlfhs.org.uk

Sue Forshaw, Newsletter Editor

Assisted by Irene Whitby & Jane Murphy